Opening of low cost Satellite earth stations in strategically important towns.

Commissioning of about 2600 Route Km. of Microwave and Ultra High Frequency Systems.

(c) Satisfactory progress has been made so far.

Opening of Navodaya Vidyalayas in Orissa

1803. KUMARI SUSHILA TIRIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of locations identified for opening of Navodaya Vidyalayas in Orissa;

(b) what is the number of such Vidyalayas to be opened for Adivasis of that State;

(c) whether it is a fact that land survey of Tato Village in District Mayurbhanj was made with a view to opening a Navodaya Vidyalaya there;

(d) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(e) what decision Government have taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) In Orissa, 5 Navodaya Vidyalayas have been established in 86-87 in the following districts:

1. Koraput
2. Keonjhar
3. Dhenkanal
4. Cuttack
5. Phulbani

For 87-88, proposals have been received from the Government of Orissa for the following districts:

District	Location
1. Ganjam	Sufangi
2. Sundergarh	Zing Nagar
3. Sambalpur	Pardhipali
4. Puri	Kuanria Dam Site.
5. Bolangir	Patnagarh
6. Kalahandi	Narla
7. Mayurbhanj	Senei Irrigation Project Site.
8. Balasore	Nilgiri

Opening of Navodaya Vidyalayas in 1987-88 has yet to be finalised.

(b) There is no provision in the Scheme for opening Navodaya Vidyalayas exclusively for Adivasis. However, the reservation of seats in favour of children belonging to SC & ST has been provided in proportion to their population in the concerned district provided that in no district such reservation will be less than the national average.

(c) to (e) No proposal for establishment of Navodaya Vidyalaya at Tato Village in the district of Mayurbhanj has been received so far from the State Government in Orissa.

Centres for Women's Education

1804. KUMARI SUSHILA TIRIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the University Grants Commission has decided to set up ten centres for women's education in the Seventh Plan; and

(b) what is the objective of these centres and what are the criteria adopted for the selection of places of these centres?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) Yes, Sir. The UGC proposes to assist in the establishment of at least 10 Centres for Women's Studies in the Seventh Plan.

(b) These Centres are proposed to be developed as resource centres for strengthening Women's Studies programmes in the Universities, which can contribute towards development of new values through redesigned curricula and text books. These Centres will be responsible for curriculam development, preparation of teaching and learning materials, organisation of seminars/workshops, establishment of library resources on women's development, etc. Universities have been requested to submit their proposals, in case they wish to establish such centres, for consideration of the UGC. The Standing Committee of the UGC on Women's Studies would screen the proposals received from the Universities.

चन्द्रापुर और बीर टेलीफोन केन्द्रों का निर्माण करने में उपकरणों की अनुपलब्धता

1805. **श्री नरेश सी० पुगलिया :** क्या **संचार** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि महाराष्ट्र के चन्द्रापुर व बीर शहरों के लिए 1000 लाइनों का टेलीफोन केन्द्र स्वीकृत होने के बावजूद भी उपकरण उपलब्ध न होने से टेलीफोन कनेक्शन उपलब्ध कराने का कार्य अवरुद्ध है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उपकरण के कब तक उपलब्ध हो जाने की संभावना है ;

(ग) क्या टेलीफोन कनेक्शन की बढ़ती हुई मांग को देखते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार ने बंबई के अलावा अन्य शहरों के लिए स्वचालित टेलीफोन केन्द्रों की स्थापना के लिए स्वीकृति दी थी ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो इसकार्य के कब तक पूरा होने की संभावना है और ये केन्द्र किन-किन शहरों में स्थापित किये जायेंगे ?

संचार मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री सन्तोष मोहन देव) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) दोनों एक्सचेंजों के लिए उपस्कर 1989-90 तक उपलब्ध होने की संभावना है।

(ग) जी, हां।

(घ) उपस्कर उपलब्ध होने के तत्काल बाद कार्य संपन्न होने की संभावना है। शहरों के नाम किसी शहर विशेष के लिए उपस्कर सप्लाई पर निर्भर करता है। भारी क्षमता के एक्सचेंजों (ब्यौरा संलग्न विवरण में दिया गया है) (नीचे देखिए) की योजना तथा मध्यम क्षमता के एक्सचेंजों की योजना छोटे शहरों और स्थानों के लिए बनाई जाती है, बशर्ते कि उपस्कर और मांग उपलब्ध हो।

विवरण

महाराष्ट्र सर्किल में सातवीं योजना के दौरान जहां आटोमेटिक एक्सचेंज स्थापित किए जाने की योजना है उनमें कुछ शहरों के नाम

1. इचल करांजी
2. मालेगांव
3. जालना
4. सतारा
5. डोम्बीवली
6. नानडेड
7. भिवंडी
8. गोंदिया
9. लातर
10. धुलिया